Operating Systems: Overview

OSTEP Chapter 2: http://pages.cs.wisc.edu/~remzi/OSTEP/intro.pdf

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What is an operating system?



Operating System: Software that converts hardware into a "useful form" for applications

Roles of operating systems

Role 1: Abstraction – Standard library for hardware resources

Which abstraction do operating systems provide?

- CPU: Processes and threads
- Memory: Address space
- Hard disk/Solid state disk: File system

Advantages of these abstractions:

- Hiding complexity; different devices look the same (analogous to ISA vs microarchitecture)
- Provide an "extended" machine with increased functionality

Roles of operating systems

Role 2: Resource management

Goals of the operating system:

• Security

Protecting different applications from each other

• Efficiency:

efficient use of shared resources

• Fairness:

fair access to resources

Three areas

- Virtualization: CPU + Memory
- Concurrency: Controlled interaction on shared resources
- Persistence:
 File systems + I/O devices